Applicant: Chun-Chen Chen Application No.: 10/759,835

Amendments to the Specification:

Please replace paragraph [0048] with the following amended paragraph [0048]:

Moreover, please refer to Fig. 8 which illustrates a sectional view [0048] showing a socket structure in another preferred embodiment according to the present invention. As shown in Fig. 8, a socket identically includes a main body 62, a terminal 60 and a conducting piece 63 and the terminal 60 includes a first end 611, a second end 612, a first ring 613, and a second ring 614, wherein the first ring 613 has a first surface 6131 and a second surface 6132 and the second ring 614 has a third surface 6141 and a second surface 6142. Differently, in this preferred embodiment, the first ring 613 and the second ring 614 are stayed next to each other, that is to say, the second surface 6131 of the first ring 613 and the third surface 614 of the second ring 614 are pressed close to each other, and the diameter of the second ring 614 is slightly smaller than that of the first ring 613. As forming this structure, the terminal 60 including two rings 613 and 614 next to each other is firstly formed, preferably integrally formed, and then, the main body 62 is formed to match the shape of the terminal 60, namely, the main body 62 has a trough corresponding to the first ring 613 and the second ring 614. Sequentially, the main body 62 and the terminal 60 are assembled together and the second end 612 of the terminal 60 is sleeved by the conducting piece 63. Finally, through riveting the second end 612 of the terminal 60, the conducting piece 613 63 and the terminal 60 are fixed together.

Please replace paragraph [0051] with the following amended paragraph [0051]:

[0051] It can be seen from Fig. 9 that the terminal 60 only has one ring 613 and not two rings. This is because the forming method in this preferred

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embodiment is to fix the conducting piece 63 on the terminal 60 first and then cover the first ring 613, the conducting piece 613 and the second end 612 through injection molding the main body. Therefore, the conducting piece 63 still can be directly rejected against the first ring 613 without assistance from the main body. That means when the diameters of the first ring and the second ring in Fig. 8 are identical, they can be simplified to be one single ring 613, as shown in Fig. 9, and still can achieve the purpose of the present invention. That is to say, the number of the contact areas between the conducting piece 63 and the terminal 60 still remain to be three and the electrical contact areas also can be increased, and therefore, even the main body is melted, portions of the terminal covered by the mina main body can also stay stable through the limitations thereamong. Hence, this preferred embodiment provides another choice for achieving the purpose of the present invention.